

Regulatory view on complex innovative designs

A multi-disciplinary approach to progress Complex Clinical Trials

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Presented by Theodor Framke on 15 September 2022 Data Analytics and Methods Task Force



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Agenda

- Overview What are complex innovative designs, why are they relevant?
- 2. CCT Question and Answers
- 3. Challenges and Outlook



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Introduction

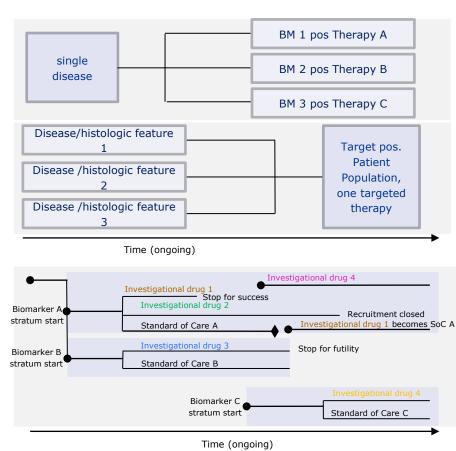
Umbrella trial: single disease/target population, multiple therapies

Basket trial: single therapy, multiple disease/target populations

Platform trial: combination of the above or more complex...

Note that this classification does not preclude a specific trial design

Woodcock & LaVange: Master Protocols to Study Multiple Therapies, Multiple Diseases, or Both, N Engl J Med 2017;377:62-70, DOI: 10.1056/NEJMra1510062



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Background & work on master protocols

- Attempt to facilitate efficient development (sometimes for only administrative reasons, operational advantages)
- Not linked to a specific phase or design
- Limited experience, few examples available, topic increasingly picked up
- Q&A document published in May, joint work of EMA, EC, CTCG
- Clinical Trials Regulation now provides a single entry point for all CT applications with one set of documents for all MSs, supported by CTIS

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- Publications: Review Paper from Woodcock & LaVange (2017), Howard et al. (2018), Collignon et al. (2020), Parker and Weir (2020), Bretz and Koenig (2020), Sridhara et al. (2021)
- Approaches to master protocols: <u>EU</u>
 <u>PEARL</u>, CTFG <u>recommendations</u> (2019), ...
- Other terminology used by FDA is <u>Complex Innovative trial designs</u>, <u>CID</u> <u>Pilot Meeting Program</u> until 2022

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Why is this relevant?

- Motivation for Platform trials quite heterogeneous. Some reasons:
 - Standardised framework/platform, mainly logistical
 - Collaboration, reduced costs/efforts
 - Wish for relaxed Type I error control
- Provides an additional opportunity for a controlled trial
- Controls may not be concurrent

- Multitude of potential comparisons and adaptions
- Various practical issues in the conduct of a platform trial
- Platform trials played a role during the COVID-19 pandemic
- Proposals often seen in Scientific Advice, not yet at Marketing Authorisation Application stage



Accelerating Clinical Trials in the EU (ACT EU)

ACT EU is an initiative to **transform the EU clinical research environment** in support of medical innovation and better patient outcomes.

- Builds on the momentum of the Clinical Trials Regulation and CTIS
- Driven by the Network Strategy to 2025 and the EU Pharmaceutical Strategy
- Launched 13 January 2022
- Read the <u>press release</u> and <u>paper</u>







ACT EU objectives



Support the conduct of **large, multinational trials** with specific support for:

- SME, academia and Health Technology Assessment bodies (HTAs); and
- Trials which address unmet needs, rare diseases & medicines for public health crises
- One of the priority actions is on methodologies



Faciilitate **coordinated scientific advice** to support trial authorisation, marketing authorisation & the medicine lifecycle



Ensure **a unified European approach** for trial processes and strategic matters at the international level



Engage all stakeholders to deliver inclusive patient-oriented medicines development and delivery across populations

Regulatory Background

- CTFG: Recommendation on Initiation and Conduct of Complex Clinical Trials (<u>Feb 2019</u>)
- European medicines agencies network strategy: <u>EMA RSS</u>: Foster innovation in trials Work with stakeholders, <u>EMRN</u> and <u>EC</u> to promote and facilitate the conduct of complex clinical trials and other innovative clinical trial designs
- Outcome published under the Accelerating Clinical Trials in the EU (<u>ACT EU</u>) initiative
- Call from Industry, e.g. trade organisations' analysis of barriers and limitations to use and acceptance of complex trials (Nov 2020, <u>LINK</u>), workshop (<u>5-6 Oct 21</u>)
- DG SANTE <u>B4</u> convened <u>CTEG</u> subgroup on complex trials (<u>11/2020</u>):
 EFPIA, ACRO, The Guild, EuropaBIO, EUCOPE, EORTC, and CFTG chairs, EMA
 - Jan 2021: Each stakeholder identified issues in case studies of complex trials (quick exercise, several EMA colleagues involved)
 - Started March 2021: Questions-and-answers document, jointly by DG SANTE, CTFG, EMA



Questions, Questions...

- Important considerations for the **planning** and **conduct** of complex clinical trials
- 2. Which **additional considerations** are needed for the design and conduct of master protocol studies?
- 3. How to describe and explain **Bayesian** approaches in complex clinical trials?
- 4. What are the considerations for planning, collection and use of **control data** from within a complex clinical trial for regulatory purposes?
- 5. Which principles apply, and which regulatory pathways should be considered when using **biomarkers** and biomarker assays in complex clinical trials and consequently applying for marketing authorisations?
- 6. **Safety, rights** and **well-being** of participants
- 7. **Transparency** (balance with integrity) and **communication** between regulators, sponsors and investigators

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Q1: Important considerations for the planning and conduct

- ICH E8(R1): ask important questions and answer them with appropriate studies -> need to understand what the CCT addresses
- Focus on clear and precise hypotheses and pre-specification
- Submission as separate or multiple trials under Clinical Trial Regulation
- Co-sponsorship
- Re-assessment of benefit/risk
- Aspects that would benefit from Scientific Advice: adaptive/seamless aspects, Bayesian approaches, submission approach, biomarkers, novel methodologies



Q2: Additional considerations

List of issues (non-exhaustive):

- Rules/criteria behind treatment allocations
- Sponsorship and confidentiality agreements and contractual responsibilities
- Access to data and means to maintain data and trial integrity
- Documents that describe the role of different relevant governance and/or oversight committees
- Safety management and overview
- Process of giving informed consent

Further points

- Sound study planning, trial integrity
- clear understanding of the regulatory purposes
- Graphical visualisation depicting all closed, current and future planned sub-protocols is encouraged in the cover letter
- Master protocol part plus at least one subprotocols at the time of the initial CTA
- Cross-referencing
- Where to include additional information

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Q4: Considerations for control data

- Restriction to controls within platform trial
- · Initial proposal did not find agreement, need for revision
- Focus on attributes for a trial: concurrency, treatment allocation, similarity of disease, study population, sample, investigators/personnel, Standard of Care, blinding, sites, protocol
- Q&A addresses neither scientific questions, nor the regulatory acceptance of no controls
- Multiplicity issues not covered, no consensus yet.



Plans for the future

- The Question and Answer document may be updated in the future.
- Not all topics of biostatistical relevance could be covered
- Need for additional guidance document identified (-> statistical design, multiplicity)
- Will complement other documents, not replace them
- Concept Paper on Platform Trials to be published soon; work on Reflection Paper will start subsequently



Source: https://pixabay.com/photos/sunset-dusk-evening-atmosphere-2827738/

Summary

- Need for interdisciplinary discussion and multi-stakeholder involvement -> Collaborative approach useful for a multidisciplinary guidance document
- It is a first step and many others will follow
- Q&A longer than initially anticipated, the outcome covers a variety of relevant topics
- Parts of it are of high relevance for statisticians

Questions for (panel) discussion:

- Which aspects of Complex Clinical Trials are of high importance for industry?
- Concepts and definitions as in "ordinary" trials are we using the same ones?

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Any questions?

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